Evaluating and Improving Community Engagement for Electoral Reform in the Cooperative Republic of Guyana

Advisory Committee: Dr. Sarah McKune (chair), Dr. Matthew Hallett

1. Introduction

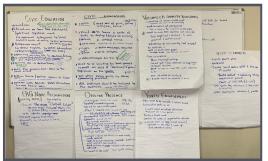
- · Guyana has a complex political history that has sowed deep partisan and ethnic divisions and distrust.
- · In 2020, an elections crisis occurred when one party nearly did not give up power. After the election, it was decided that electoral reform was needed.
- · Electoral Reform Group (ERG) was formed to ensure citizens are included in the electoral reform process.
- · ERG intends to engage communities from the grassroots level to make sure the public has a say in the electoral reform process.
- · This practicum involved working with ERG to use a participatory approach to evaluate their methods of communications and community engagement and, based on my experience in campaigns and community organizing, build an actionable plan for moving forward.

2. Objectives

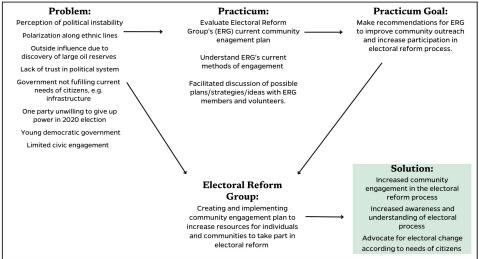
- · Main Objective: Evaluate ERG's community engagement methods and make recommendations and assist forming the basis of an engagement plan moving forward
- · Specific Objective: Analysis of the ability of ERG's current engagement strategies in promoting political understanding and engagement.
- · Specific Objective: Understand the goals of ERG and its members and assessing the needs of the organization to complete these goals.
- · Specific Objective: Understand what strategies need to be taken in the short and medium term to achieve short and long-term goals of ERG, from a communications and engagement perspective.
- · Specific Objective: Understand the sociopolitical context of Guyana and how it affects the goals and strategies of ERG.

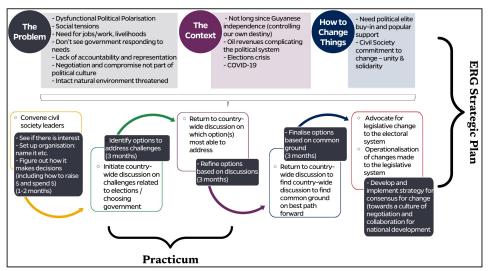
3. Methods

- · Methodology: Participatory approach to monitoring and evaluation based on participatory action research (PAR).
- Methods:
- · Ethnographic Observation
- Interviews
- · Document Review
- · Participatory Workshop



4. Contextual-conceptual Framework





5. Process

- · Met with ERG and discussed goals and strategies they wanted · Began building relationships with
- · Recorded observations of organization and sociopolitical context.
- · Evaluated open-space event in Cornelia-Ida · Based on outcome of event FRG and I decided

strategy

- · Worked with ERG to come up with process for building new engagement
- members to learn what updated plan should focus · Based on these, built five focus areas for plan.

documents, continued

conducted interviews with

· Reviewed ERG

observations, and

- · Plan created with intention of creating an updated communication and engagement plan that to pivot engagement included activities indicators, and goals that were actionable
- Held workshop to build out these focus areas and strategies based on them Dresented workshop results to organization for participatory analysis.

6. Results

Name Recognition

- · Building trust
- · Concise in messaging
- · Name may cause distrust
- · Able to respond to
- criticism/questions

Civic Education

- · Include public in reform
- Bottom-up approach to reform
- Empower voters
- · Connect everyday life to elections

Volunteer Capacity Building

- Need to build volunteer base
- · Connect with young people, make volunteers feel included
- · Make meetings accessible ·Create plan for volunteers to participate, be part of conversation

Online Presence

- · Social media and website
- · Be present and consistent
- · Update website, peoplefriendly
- · Build capacity to keep social media and website updated

Youth Engagement

- · Be accessible and actionbased
- Youth need to feel included · Work with other organizations such as student
- · Combine events similar to open-space with outreach

7. Conclusions

- · Taking sociopolitical context into account is imperative to success of civil society organization. This is particularly important in a situation as complex as Guyana's current one.
- · Successful engagement strategy for ERG needs to include a focus on capacity building and youth involvement. This can be achieved through more interactions with other organizations and an online strategy based on education and calls to action.
- · A lack of trust in institutions stemming from decades of tension and corruption means that ERG will need to focus its efforts on building relationships with communities and showing how it can empower the public. Once trust is built, this can lead to the conversations the organization has planned as part of its strategy.









